PRODUCT INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

FLETCHER INSULATION ALUMINIUM FOIL TAPE

APPLICATION HINTS

Fletcher Insulation Aluminium Foil tapes have a pressure sensitive adhesive, i.e. they must be applied using pressure – the more pressure applied, the more surface contact is achieved and the better the bond.

The best way to apply this pressure is with the plastic 'squeegee' enclosed in the carton, or alternatively a plastic blade.

Follow the contours of the material. Do not try to flatten the contours out with the tape. Let the tape relax into and conform with the irregularities of the surface, then rub down (see Figures 1 and 2).

When sealing angled joints in longitudinal direction, the tape should be applied in short sections to one side of the join, rubbed down as far as possible into the join and then applied to the other side (see Figure 3).

To enable maximum pressure to be applied with the plastic 'squeegee, the material should be positioned so that there is a hard, unyielding surface behind each join.

Care should also be taken to ensure that the material joined by the tape is not liable or subject to movement. Flapping of the two surfaces joined by the tape creates enormous pressure on the join and can lead to tape breakdown.

For applications where longer tape runs are apparent, for best practice apply tape in sectional pieces at 500mm across the tape.

It is important that the surface to which the tape is to be adhered is clean and free from any contamination such as dust, dirt, oil or silicones. If uncertain, clean surface with a clean rag and mineral turpentine, than wait until dry before applying.

Oxidisation of aluminium foil or leaching of plasticisers or similar from polymeric substrates can adversely affect the adhesive bond of the tape to that substrate.

The smoothness of the material to be joined is also a factor – the more uneven the surface, the wider the tape should be and the greater the care in application.

These tapes are not to be used as mechanical joining devices.

Where possible, the length of the tape used should not only exceed the length of the joint, but continue around the next edge to provide an 'anchor point' (see Figure 4). With pipework, there should be one complete revolution, then at least 50% revolution overlap (see Figure 5).

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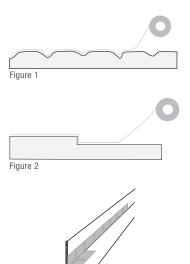
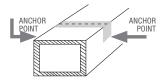


Figure 3

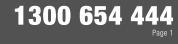








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